

STATE COLLEGE, PENNSYLVANIA 1/2

2022 MUNICIPAL EQUALITY INDEX SCORECARD

I. Non-Discrimination Laws**

STATE COUNTY MUNICIPAL AVAILABLE

This category evaluates whether discrimination on the basis of sexual orientation and gender identity is prohibited by the city, county, or state in areas of employment, housing, and public accommodations.

Employment		
Housing		





















COUNTY





AVAILABLE

II. Municipality as Employer

By offering equivalent benefits and protections to LGBTQ+ employees, awarding contracts to fair-minded businesses, and taking steps to ensure an inclusive workplace, municipalities commit themselves to treating LGBTQ+ employees equally.

Non-Discrimination in City Employment

FLEX Protects Youth from Conversion





Inclusive Workplace

Public Accommodations

Facilities



FLEX City Employee Domestic Partner Benefits



MUNICIPAL











22 out of 28









III. Municipal Services

This section assesses the efforts of the city to ensure LGBTQ+ residents are included in city services and programs.

Human Rights Commission

NDO Enforcement by Human Rights

LGBTQ+ Liaison in City Executive's Office











SCORE

FLEX Youth Bullying Prevention Policy for City Services

Youth



















12 out of 12

















STATE COLLEGE, PENNSYLVANIA 2/2

2022 MUNICIPAL EQUALITY INDEX SCORECARD



MUNICIPAL AVAILABLE

IV. Law Enforcement

Fair enforcement of the law includes responsible reporting of hate crimes and engaging with the LGBTQ+ community in a thoughtful and respectful way.

LGBTQ+ Liaison/Task Force in Police Department

Reported 2020 Hate Crimes Statistics to the FBI

SCORE



12





22 out of 22

V. Leadership on LGBTQ+ Equality

This category measures the city leadership's commitment to fully include the LGBTQ+ community and to advocate for full equality.

Leadership's Public Position on LGBTQ+ Equality

Leadership's Pro-Equality Legislative or Policy Efforts

SCORE







MUNICIPAL AVAILABLE

8 out of 8

FLEX Openly LGBTQ+ Elected or Appointed Leaders

FLEX City Tests Limits of Restrictive State



TOTAL SCORE 94 + TOTAL FLEX SCORE 6 =

Final Score 100

CANNOT EXCEED 100

** On June 15, 2020, the U.S. Supreme Court ruled in Bostock v. Clayton County, Georgia that sexual orientation and gender identity discrimination are prohibited under federal sex-based employment protections. Nevertheless, it is imperative that localities continue enacting explicitly LGBTQ+-inclusive comprehensive non-discrimination laws since it will likely take additional litigation for Bostock to be fully applied to all sex-based protections under existing federal civil rights law. Moreover, federal law currently lacks sex-based protections in numerous key areas of life, including public spaces and services. Lastly, there are many invaluable benefits to localizing inclusive protections even when they exist on higher levels of government. For these reasons, the MEI will continue to only award credit in Part I for state, county, or municipal non-discrimination laws that expressly include sexual orientation and gender identity.

PTS FOR SEXUAL ORIENTATION -



- PTS FOR GENDER IDENTITY



FLEX PTS for criteria not accessible to all cities at this time.

FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT CITY SELECTION, CRITERIA OR THE MEI SCORING SYSTEM, PLEASE VISIT HRC.ORG/MEI.

All cities rated were provided their scorecard in advance of publication and given the opportunity to submit revisions. For feedback regarding a particular city's scorecard, please email mei@hrc.org.